

Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc

Q3 2024

Pillar 3 Disclosures

06 November 2024

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Basis of preparation

This report presents the interim Pillar 3 disclosures of Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc (‘the Bank’) as at 30 September 2024.

The disclosures have been prepared in accordance with the Disclosure section of the PRA Rulebook. Pillar 3 templates required to be disclosed on a quarterly basis that have not been included in this report are listed in the table below along with the reason for exclusion.

PRA reference	Template name	Reason for exclusion
CCR7	RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under the IMM	Not applicable to the Bank

The information presented in this Pillar 3 report is not required to be, and has not been, subject to external audit.

Leverage and overview of risk weighted exposure amounts

LR2: Leverage ratio common disclosure¹

LR2		30 Sep 2024 ²	30 Jun 2024	31 Mar 2024 ²	31 Dec 2023
Ref	Leverage ratio				
UK-24b	Total exposure measure excluding claims on central banks	79,004	78,930	76,908	74,378
25	Leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks (%)	4.4%	4.7%	4.6%	4.7%
UK-25a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks (%)	4.4%	4.7%	4.6%	4.7%
UK-25c	Leverage ratio including claims on central banks (%)	3.5%	3.8%	3.7%	3.7%
Additional leverage ratio disclosure requirements - leverage ratio buffers					
27	Leverage ratio buffer (%) ³	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
UK-27b	Of which: countercyclical leverage ratio buffer (%)	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Additional leverage ratio disclosure requirements - disclosure of mean values					
UK-31	Average total exposure measure including claims on central banks ⁴	99,500	96,536	96,726	99,229
UK-32	Average total exposure measure excluding claims on central banks ⁴	81,353	79,029	75,105	77,635
UK-33	Average leverage ratio including claims on central banks ⁴	3.6%	3.8%	3.6%	3.9%
UK-34	Average leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks ⁴	4.4%	4.6%	4.6%	4.9%

1 Extracts of LR2 (Leverage ratio common disclosure) that are required to be disclosed on a quarterly basis.

2 Excludes profits for the preceding quarter from the total tier 1 capital positions at 30 September 2024 and 31 March 2024 (numerator of the leverage ratio) that remained subject to formal verification in accordance with capital regulations.

3 The additional leverage ratio buffer (ALRB) does not apply for the Bank.

4 The average UK leverage ratio is based on the average of the month end tier 1 capital position and average exposure measure over the quarter.

The Bank's UK leverage ratio reduced to 4.4 per cent (31 December 2023: 4.7 per cent), reflecting an increase in the leverage exposure measure, including an increase in the measure for securities financing transactions following planned business growth in reverse repurchase agreements, and a reduction in Tier 1 capital².

OVI: Overview of risk-weighted assets

		Total RWA		Total own funds requirements
		30 Sep 2024	31 Dec 2023	30 Sep 2024
		£m	£m	£m
1	Credit risk (excluding CCR)	9,207	9,483	737
2	Of which the standardised approach	1,004	1,047	81
3	Of which the foundation IRB (FIRB) approach	7,422	7,620	594
4	Of which slotting approach	255	306	20
UK 4a	Of which equities under the simple risk weighted approach	450	450	36
	Of which: non-credit obligation assets ¹	76	60	6
6	Counterparty credit risk (CCR)	5,610	5,380	448
7	Of which the standardised approach	5,111	4,904	409
UK 8a	Of which exposures to a CCP	55	62	4
UK 8b	Of which credit valuation adjustment (CVA)	254	282	20
9	Of which other CCR	190	132	15
16	Securitisation exposures in the non-trading book (after the cap)	507	544	41
18	Of which SEC-ERBA approach (including IAA)	171	205	14
19	Of which SEC-SA approach	336	339	27
20	Position, foreign exchange and commodities risks (Market risk)	4,814	3,923	385
21	Of which the standardised approach	328	379	26
22	Of which IMA	4,486	3,544	359
23	Operational risk	1,091	1,162	87
UK 23b	Of which standardised approach	1,091	1,162	87
24	Memo: Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)	488	490	39
29	Total	21,229	20,492	1,698
	Pillar 2A capital requirement ²			1,034
	Total capital requirement			2,732

¹ Non-credit obligation assets (IRB approach) includes other balance sheet assets that have no associated credit risk.

² As at 30 September 2024, the Pillar 2A capital requirement was around 4.9 per cent of risk-weighted assets, of which around 2.7 per cent was to be met with CET1 capital. The PRA has subsequently reduced the Bank's Pillar 2A capital requirement to around 4.2 per cent of risk-weighted assets, of which around 2.4 per cent is to be met with CET1 capital. The amended requirement is expected to apply from the fourth quarter of 2024.

Credit risk

The table below summarises the movements of risk-weighted assets for credit risk exposures under the Internal Ratings Based (IRB) Approach. The table excludes counterparty credit risk exposures, securitisation exposures and other non-credit obligation assets.

CR8: Risk-weighted assets flow statements of credit risk exposures

	Total RWA quarter to 30 Sep 2024	Total RWA YTD 30 Sep 2024
	£m	£m
1 Risk weighted exposure amount as at the end of previous reporting period	7,619	7,927
2 Asset size (+/-)	262	290
3 Asset quality (+/-)	93	(42)
5 Methodology and policy (+/-)	14	(185)
7 Foreign exchange movements (+/-)	(311)	(313)
9 Risk weighted exposure amount as at the end of the reporting period	7,677	7,677

Key movements 30 June 2024 to 30 September 2024

- Asset size driven by net lending increase in the quarter.
- Foreign exchange movements are principally driven by movement in the US Dollar.

Market Risk

The table below summarises the movements of risk-weighted assets for market risk exposures under the Internal Models Approach (IMA).

MR2-B: Risk-weighted assets flow statements of market risk exposures under an IMA

Total RWA Quarter to 30 Sep 2024

	VaR £m	SVaR £m	IRC £m	Other £m	Total RWA £m	Total own funds requirements £m
1 RWAs at 30 June 2024	495	1,809	437	1,401	4,142	331
1a Regulatory adjustment	(365)	(1,288)	–	–	(1,653)	(132)
1b RWAs at the previous quarter-end (end of the day) ¹	130	521	437	1,401	2,489	199
2 Movement in risk levels	(5)	17	(20)	(225)	(233)	(18)
3 Model updates/changes	–	–	–	113	113	9
8a RWAs at end of the disclosure period (end of the day) ¹	125	538	417	1,289	2,369	190
8b Regulatory adjustment	261	1,819	37	–	2,117	169
8 RWAs at 30 September 2024	386	2,357	454	1,289	4,486	359

Total RWA YTD to 30 Sep 2024

	VaR £m	SVaR £m	IRC £m	Other £m	Total RWA £m	Total own funds requirements £m
1 RWAs at 31 December 2023	853	1,009	383	1,299	3,544	284
1a Regulatory adjustment	(713)	(646)	(42)	–	(1,401)	(113)
1b RWAs at end of day ¹	140	363	341	1,299	2,143	171
2 Movement in risk levels	(15)	175	42	(60)	142	12
3 Model updates/changes	–	–	34	50	84	7
8a RWAs at end of day ¹	125	538	417	1,289	2,369	190
8b Regulatory adjustment	261	1,819	37	–	2,117	169
8 RWAs at 30 September 2024	386	2,357	454	1,289	4,486	359

1. End of day represents spot position

Key movements 30 June 2024 to 30 September 2024

- Moves in VaR and SVaR RWA were driven by portfolio evolution.
- The decrease in Other RWA was driven by risk reduction, partially offset by RNIV (Risk not in VaR) framework enhancements.

Liquidity

The table below presents the breakdown of the Bank's cash outflows and cash inflows, as well as its available high quality liquid assets, calculated as the simple averages of month end observations over the 12 months preceding the end of each quarter.

LIQ1: Quantitative information of Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

	Total unweighted value (average)				Total weighted value (average)				
	30 Sep 2024	30 Jun 2024	31 Mar 2024	31 Dec 2023	30 Sep 2024	30 Jun 2024	31 Mar 2024	31 Dec 2023	
Number of data points used in calculation of averages	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
High-quality liquid assets (£m)									
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)				27,054	27,569	27,733	27,207	
Cash - outflows (£m)									
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	7,696	7,599	7,570	7,642	1,002	984	977	986
4	Less stable deposits	7,696	7,599	7,570	7,642	1,002	984	977	986
5	Unsecured wholesale funding	7,841	7,916	8,106	8,277	5,195	5,210	5,230	5,346
6	Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks	47	23	—	—	12	6	—	—
7	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	6,811	6,828	7,072	7,159	4,200	4,139	4,196	4,228
8	Unsecured debt	983	1,065	1,034	1,118	983	1,065	1,034	1,118
9	Secured wholesale funding					149	166	193	180
10	Additional requirements	26,924	27,181	27,362	26,851	19,567	19,694	19,875	19,408
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	13,765	13,824	14,054	13,837	13,765	13,824	14,054	13,837
13	Credit and liquidity facilities	13,159	13,357	13,308	13,014	5,802	5,870	5,821	5,571
14	Other contractual funding obligations	1,158	633	689	672	707	594	652	636
15	Other contingent funding obligations	6,788	6,763	6,722	6,715	230	231	226	185
16	Total cash outflows					26,850	26,879	27,153	26,741
Cash - inflows (£m)									
17	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	21,650	20,600	21,145	21,330	119	138	171	160
18	Inflows from fully performing exposures	879	918	852	833	817	855	785	757
19	Other cash inflows	9,511	9,411	9,588	9,372	9,511	9,410	9,588	9,372
20	Total cash inflows	32,040	30,929	31,585	31,535	10,447	10,403	10,544	10,289
UK-20c	Inflows subject to 75% cap	30,345	29,262	29,814	29,594	10,447	10,403	10,544	10,289
Total adjusted value									
UK-21	Liquidity buffer (£m)					27,054	27,569	27,733	27,207
22	Total net cash outflows (£m)					16,403	16,476	16,609	16,452
23	Liquidity coverage ratio (%)					165%	168%	167%	166%

Liquidity continued**LIQB: Qualitative information on Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)**

The Bank's LCR disclosure (calculated as the simple average of month end observations over the previous 12 months) was 165 per cent as of 30 September 2024. The decrease of 3 per cent from 168 per cent for the prior quarter was primarily driven by a decrease in liquid assets from a reduction in customer deposits. There were no material changes in net cash outflows.

The Bank manages and monitors funding and liquidity risks in accordance with internal risk appetite, strategy and regulatory requirements, including maintaining diversified funding sources. Funding concentration by counterparty, currency and tenor is monitored on an ongoing basis and where concentrations do exist, these are managed as part of the planning process and limited by the internal funding and liquidity risk monitoring framework, with analysis regularly provided to senior management.

The liquidity buffer consists almost entirely of Level 1 items. The majority of Level 1 assets are held as central bank reserves, with the remaining balance of Level 1 assets primarily held as government bonds.

The Bank's outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements include outflows for potential deterioration in credit rating and for the impact of an adverse market scenario on derivatives transactions. Also included are outflows on derivative contracts that have offsetting inflows recorded in 'other cash inflows'.

The Bank's liquidity risk management framework covers currency liquidity risk and ensures the currency denomination of LCR liquid assets is consistent with the distribution of net currency liquidity outflows. Granular LCR risk appetites by significant currency are set and monitored across tenors at Bank committee level.

Forward-looking statements

This document contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to the business, strategy, plans and/or results of Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets plc together with its subsidiaries (the Group) and its current goals and expectations. Statements that are not historical or current facts, including statements about the Group's or its directors' and/or management's beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements.

Words such as, without limitation, 'believes', 'achieves', 'anticipates', 'estimates', 'expects', 'targets', 'should', 'intends', 'aims', 'projects', 'plans', 'potential', 'will', 'would', 'could', 'considered', 'likely', 'may', 'seek', 'estimate', 'probability', 'goal', 'objective', 'deliver', 'endeavour', 'prospects', 'optimistic' and similar expressions or variations on these expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

These statements concern or may affect future matters, including but not limited to: projections or expectations of the Group's future financial position, including profit attributable to shareholders, provisions, economic profit, dividends, capital structure, portfolios, net interest margin, capital ratios, liquidity, risk-weighted assets (RWAs), expenditures or any other financial items or ratios; litigation, regulatory and governmental investigations; the Group's future financial performance; the level and extent of future impairments and write-downs; the Group's ESG targets and/or commitments; statements of plans, objectives or goals of the Group or its management and other statements that are not historical fact and statements of assumptions underlying such statements.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend upon circumstances that will or may occur in the future.

Factors that could cause actual business, strategy, targets, plans and/or results (including but not limited to the payment of dividends) to differ materially from forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: general economic and business conditions in the UK and internationally; acts of hostility or terrorism and responses to those acts, or other such events; geopolitical unpredictability; the war between Russia and Ukraine; the conflicts in the Middle East; the tensions between China and Taiwan; political instability including as a result of any UK general election; market-related risks, trends and developments; exposure to counterparty risk; the impact of any regulatory and/or legislative divergence between the UK and EU as a result of the exit by the UK from the European Union (EU) and the effects of the EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement; the ability to access sufficient sources of capital, liquidity and funding when required; changes to the Group's credit ratings; fluctuations in interest rates, inflation, exchange rates, stock markets and currencies; volatility in credit markets; volatility in the price of the Group's securities; tightening of monetary policy in jurisdictions in which the Group operates; natural pandemic and other disasters; risks concerning borrower and counterparty credit quality; changes in laws, regulations, practices and accounting standards or taxation; changes to regulatory capital or liquidity requirements and similar contingencies; the policies and actions of governmental or regulatory authorities or courts together with any resulting impact on the future structure of the Group; risks associated with the Group's compliance with a wide range of laws and regulations; assessment related to resolution-planning requirements; risks related to regulatory actions which may be taken in the event of a bank or Group failure; exposure to legal, regulatory or competition proceedings, investigations or complaints; failure to comply with anti-money laundering, counter-terrorist financing, anti-bribery and sanctions regulations; failure to prevent or detect any illegal or improper activities; operational risks including risks as a result of the failure of third-party suppliers; conduct risk; technological changes and risks to the security of IT and operational infrastructure, systems, data and information resulting from increased threat of cyber and other attacks; technological failure; inadequate or failed internal or external processes or systems; risks relating to ESG matters, such as climate change (and achieving climate change ambitions) and decarbonisation, including the Group's ability along with the government and other stakeholders to measure, manage and mitigate the impacts of climate change effectively, and human rights issues; the impact of competitive conditions; failure to attract, retain and develop high-calibre talent; the ability to achieve strategic objectives; the ability to derive cost savings and other benefits including, but without limitation, as a result of any acquisitions, disposals and other strategic transactions; inability to capture accurately the expected value from acquisitions; assumptions and estimates that form the basis of the Group's financial statements; and potential changes in dividend policy. A number of these influences and factors are beyond the control of the Group or Lloyds Banking Group plc. Please refer to the Base Prospectus for the Group's Euro Medium-Term Note Programme and the latest Annual Report on Form 20-F filed by Lloyds Banking Group plc with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), which is available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov, for a discussion of certain factors and risks. Lloyds Banking Group plc may also make or disclose written and/or oral forward-looking statements in other written materials and in oral statements made by the directors, officers or employees of Lloyds Banking Group plc to third parties, including financial analysts.

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