



LLOYDS
BANKING GROUP

Agribusiness sector statement



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February 2025

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Context

At Lloyds Banking Group (the Group), our purpose is Helping Britain Prosper. As the UK's largest financial services provider, we have an important role to play in creating a more sustainable and inclusive future for people and businesses, by shaping finance as a force for good. Given our unique position at the heart of the UK economy, we embrace our responsibility to help address some of the biggest economic, social and environmental challenges that the UK faces.

We are committed to operating in accordance with the International Bill of Human Rights¹ and take into account a number of other international standards when developing our sector statements, including the UN Framework and Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, and other internationally accepted human rights standards including the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the International Labour Organisation Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work. Furthermore, *clients* must comply with all applicable laws and regulations and we expect them to respect the human rights both of their own workforce and those in their supply chain.

Scope and Approach

These statements apply to the specific *client* entities that have a *direct lending* relationship with the Group including direct loans within Scottish Widows².

Where our Insurance business invests its own funds or customer funds in assets traded in the public markets, these statements do not apply, and instead we use professional third party asset managers. For our mandated funds where we have full control over investments, our asset managers are required to follow the Scottish Widows Exclusions Policy and the Scottish Widows Stewardship Policy as applicable. The overall ambition of these policies is consistent with the ambition of these sector statements, which is to align lending and investments with the transition to a sustainable and low-carbon economy, thus reducing our exposure to Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) related risks.

Furthermore, either directly or through third-party asset managers, we have the ability to use our position as asset owner to challenge the behaviour of the companies in whom we are invested to behave more sustainably and responsibly. Our Responsible Investment team exercises governance, oversight and monitoring of managers on their stewardship activities and outcomes through regular quarterly meetings and reporting. Additionally, on our priority themes, Climate Change and Carbon and Board Diversity, the team also engages directly on our most material holdings and through relevant collective engagement opportunities.

We regularly review all of our *clients* with whom we have a *direct lending* relationship, and where they appear to be operating below our requirements, we will work with our clients to understand how they plan to transition to meet these. Compliance with these statements forms part of our overarching ESG risk assessments and credit decisioning process, including any new or extended *direct lending* relationship with the *client*.

¹ Comprising the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights.

² Sector statements are applicable to clients where we can identify client activity by their standard industry classification (SIC) code (excluding automated decisioning for smaller counterparties, currently for new lending of £100,000 or less).

Risk Management

As a Group, managing risk effectively is fundamental to our strategy and future success. Our approach to risk plays a key role in the Group's strategy and is founded on an effective control framework, which guides how our colleagues work, and behave and the decisions they make. As part of this framework, risk appetite – the amount and type of risk that the Group is prepared to seek, accept or tolerate in delivering our Group Strategy – is embedded in policies, authorities and limits across the Group. Our prudent risk culture and appetite, along with close collaboration between the Risk Function and the Business Units, supports decision making.

Addressing the potential impacts of climate change, how our *clients* are engaging with the opportunities and challenges created by climate change and the need to transition to a low-carbon economy plays a key role in our risk management approach to sustainability. We consider wider ESG risks beyond climate in our current practices and this continues to evolve. We have a range of external sector statements that apply to the Group's activities, which reflect the approach we take to the risk assessment of our *clients* related to climate change and other ESG issues.

Client Monitoring and Due Diligence

In all sectors *clients* must comply with all applicable laws and regulations. If we become aware that a *client* has breached any applicable international, regional or national laws, we would require the *client* to implement action plans that aim to address and resolve such breaches.

Where appropriate, we have regular meetings / engagements with our *clients* with whom we have a *direct lending* relationship, and regularly review their public filings, press reports and analyst presentations. We ensure that ESG-related risks are considered for all Commercial Banking *clients* with whom we have a *direct lending* relationship, with specific commentary in new and renewal credit applications where total aggregated hard limits exceed £500,000 (excluding automated decisioning processes and digital or telephony applications for smaller counterparties). For project financing activity, the Group is also a signatory to the Equator Principles and ensures they are applied to all relevant transactions.

As part of our control framework and to monitor *client* adherence to our sector statements, we have a number of ESG Risk Management processes in place, which are outlined in the Risk Management section of our sustainability report. These include processes for assessing counterparties and transactions in relation to environmental risks including both climate and nature considerations alongside social and governance considerations. To assess these risks effectively we use our ESG Risk Tool which includes bespoke assessments based on specific business units and in some cases based on sector. Defined escalation routes are in place where our ESG Risk Team complete enhanced due diligence and these assessments form part of the credit decisioning process.

Statement Criteria

Our statements outline a number of criteria for our *clients*, which are grouped into the following categories.

Prohibited

Mandatory criteria that clients must not be breaching at the organisational or project / transaction level as relevant.

Example:

“We will not provide financing to...”
“We will not provide direct financing...”
“We will not provide project specific finance...”

Required

Mandatory criteria that clients must meet at the organisational or project / transaction level as relevant.

Example:

“We will only provide financing to...”

Expected

Non-mandatory criteria we expect clients to meet or to comply with over time.

Example:

“We expect clients...”

Encouraged

Non-mandatory criteria we encourage clients to consider, given industry best practice.

Example:

“We encourage clients...”

Words in *italics* are defined in the Glossary table and clarify the intended scope of certain words in this statement.

The background features a series of overlapping, wavy, organic shapes. The top-most shape is a bright, vibrant green. Below it is a darker, forest green shape. The bottom-most shape is a solid black. The overall effect is a dynamic, layered composition that suggests movement and growth.

Agriculture

Context

The agriculture sector contributes significantly to the UK economy and provides considerable raw materials to the UK's food and drink manufacturing sector³. Given the direct use of land to support livestock and crops, agriculture plays a crucial role in the management of the environment. The sector is increasingly aware and proactive in managing the risks associated with its use of natural resources through the adoption of sustainable farming practices.

Environmental risks associated with the sector include:

- Soil degradation caused by intensive farming practices and extreme weather events
- Peatland degradation where peatlands may be drained for agricultural purposes. Drainage also increases the risk of fire and flooding
- Impacts and dependencies on water resources. Food production can be water intensive and depending on the source of water, impacts can include changes to hydrological conditions, salinisation of soils, eutrophication (excessive nutrients leading to algal blooms) and changes to water availability in adjacent areas
- Use of pesticides, which can lead to improved yield, can also potentially impact water and land contamination, and increase pesticide resistant strains of pests and diseases
- The need to manage greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions including CO₂ release, methane release (predominantly through intensive livestock operations), and nitrous oxide releases from fertilisers
- Productivity impacts due to climate change such as temperature and water availability

Modern day slavery and labour exploitation is also a growing concern in the agriculture industry. The International Labour Organisation places agriculture, alongside forestry and fishing, as the sector with the fourth highest proportion of victims of forced labour worldwide⁴. According to the UK's Anti-Slavery Commissioner, evidence "suggests that workers migrating over longer distances are at greater risk of exploitation, particularly in the form of recruitment fees, bogus recruitment and debt bondage"⁵.

Scope

Our approach covers the following activities:

- The growing, harvesting, processing, and distributing of products from agricultural activities, including arable, dairy, livestock and mixed farming and related support activities

Company Level Criteria

Expected

We expect:

- *Clients* that employ seasonal and temporary labour to be able to articulate how this labour is sourced and what checks are undertaken to confirm that they are not subject to human trafficking or modern slavery

Additional restrictions related to fisheries activities can be found in the Fisheries statement below. Restrictions related to animal welfare can be found in the Animal Welfare statement and those related to deforestation and agricultural commodities can be found in the Forestry and Agricultural Commodities statement.

³ Agriculture in the UK Dashboard (2023)

⁴ International Labour Organisation, Global Estimates of Modern Slavery: Forced Labour and Forced Marriage, Figure 8 (2022)

⁵ Association of Labour Providers (2022)

The background features a dark green gradient with large, flowing, abstract shapes in a lighter green and black, creating a sense of movement and depth. The word "Fisheries" is centered in a bold, white, sans-serif font.

Fisheries

Context

Fisheries activity relates to both aquaculture and wild capture fisheries. Aquaculture covers the cultivation or farming of aquatic plants and animals, including fish and shellfish farming, for direct consumption or leisure purposes. Wild capture fisheries involves catching, processing, or selling wild aquatic animals, including fish and shellfish fishing, for direct consumption or leisure purposes.

Scope

Our approach covers the following activities:

- Aquaculture
- Wild capture fisheries

Company Level Criteria

Prohibited

We will not provide:

- *Financing to clients* that use damaging fishing methods – including, but not limited to, the use of explosives and/or poison related to the catching of fish or shellfish; use of driftnets in excess of 2.5km or use of driftnets intended for the capture of species such as tuna, oceanic sea bream, marlin, sailfishes, dolphin fishes, sharks, swordfish and cephalopods; deep sea bottom trawling >600m
- *Financing to clients* that are *directly involved in* shark-finning or trading in shark fin, commercial whaling, illegal, unreported or unregulated (IUU) fishing activities or trade in IUU products

Encouraged

We encourage:

- Fisheries *clients* to obtain or use the Marine Stewardship Council certificate for wild-caught fish and seafood, and the Aquaculture Stewardship Council certificate for farmed fish and seafood (aquaculture) or equivalent standards

The background features a dark green gradient with large, flowing, organic shapes in a lighter green and black. The word "Tobacco" is centered in a white, bold, serif font.

Tobacco

Context

We recognise that there are several risks associated with the cultivation, manufacturing and sale of tobacco and related products such as cannabis and vaping products. For example, the production of vaping products that include plastics, metals, batteries, cartridges and nicotine solutions involves environmentally intensive processes that can cause environmental damage, as well as create e-waste in landfills due to the use of materials that are not re-usable or recyclable and may contain hazardous substances⁶.

Additionally, large-scale land acquisition for production and manufacturing may lead to involuntary resettlement, impact local and indigenous communities, and result in environmental issues such as noise, emissions, deforestation, and waste, which may impact communities⁷.

Social issues have also been identified globally in the sector related to the supply chain for tobacco and cannabis cultivation, particularly regarding:

- Employee health and safety due to exposure to chemicals and hazardous working conditions
- Labour conditions
- Modern slavery
- Forced labour
- Human trafficking
- Child labour
- Negative health impacts due to the use of the product⁸

Scope

Our approach covers the following activities:

- Growing, processing, manufacture, sale and wholesale of tobacco and *tobacco products*
- Manufacture of vaping products, both liquids and hardware
- Cultivation, processing and manufacture of cannabis or cannabis derived products

The approach excludes:

- Retail sale of tobacco and vaping products
- Retail sale of CBD products in the UK where licenses are not required
- Manufacture and sale of products containing hemp fibre

Company Level Criteria

Prohibited

We will not provide:

- *Financing to clients* that cultivate, manufacture or sell cannabis or cannabis derived products outside of the United Kingdom

Enhanced Due Diligence

As a result of our UK focused business strategy, UK licensing requirements guide many of our decisions on whether to support *client* relationships. However, we recognise that some *clients* may source goods and services to or from countries that are not subject to the same stringent licensing requirements. Consequently, we undertake enhanced due diligence on *clients* within this sector, and we look for a robust and transparent approach to anti-bribery and corruption practices to ensure compliance to the highest standards.

⁶ House of Commons Library, The environmental impact of disposable vapes (2022); [CDP-2022-0216.pdf](#)

⁷ World Health Organisation, Tobacco and its environmental impact: an overview (2017); [9789241512497-eng.pdf \(who.int\)](#)

⁸ World Health Organisation, Key facts on Tobacco (2023) [Tobacco \(who.int\)](#)

Glossary

Terms	Definition
Client(s)	Client(s) refers to businesses and does not include individuals.
Finance, financing or direct lending	Finance, financing or direct lending refers to all primary lending activity by the Group including direct loans from Scottish Widows. Passenger or light commercial vehicle leasing activity is not included.
Directly involved in	A client is defined as “directly involved in” an activity if the business has operational or financial control over the activity.
Tobacco products	This refers to products entirely or partly made using tobacco leaves as raw material which are manufactured to be used for smoking, sucking, chewing, or snuffing. It includes tobacco-related products with reduced risks such as vapes.

Disclaimer

These sector statements are intended to set out, at a high level, how Lloyds Banking Group approaches and manages selected sustainability-related issues across certain sectors. These statements are intended to provide non-exhaustive, indicative and general information only, and there can be no guarantee as to the accuracy, currency or completeness of the information contained in these statements.

These statements represent our policy positions under normal business conditions as at the date of publication and their application may be affected by a wide range of circumstances some of which may be beyond our control, including, but not limited to, local laws and regulations, government policy, the overall regulatory environment, and/or client behaviour. These statements may be varied and/or replaced at any time without notice or giving reason, and no assurance or representation is given that these sector statements will meet any present or future expectations or requirements. We accept no obligation or duty to update these statements.

These sector statements may contain forward-looking statements, including as to our intentions and objectives, which are based on current expectations and projections about future events. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risks and uncertainties because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur in the future and may be beyond the Lloyds Banking Group's ability to control or predict. Forward looking statements are not guarantees of future actions.

These sector statements do not form part of any offering documents and are not binding (contractually or otherwise). These sector statements are for Lloyds Banking Group's use only and Lloyds Banking Group accepts no duty of care, responsibility or liability in relation to these statements or their application or interpretation, including as to their accuracy, completeness or sufficiency, or any outcomes arising from the same. No representations or warranties, express or implied, are made as to the fairness, accuracy, completeness or correctness of the information contain with these statements. We do not accept any liability to any party for any loss, damage or costs howsoever arising, whether directly or indirectly, whether in contract, tort (including negligence) or otherwise from any action or decision taken (or not taken) as a result of any person relying on or otherwise using these statements or arising from any omission from them. Third parties should seek their own independent advice before making any decisions based on the information provided in these statements. Lloyds Banking Group is under no obligation and does not give any undertaking to provide any additional information in relation to these sector statements or their application, or to update these sector statements to correct any inaccuracies or errors.